

## English Summary

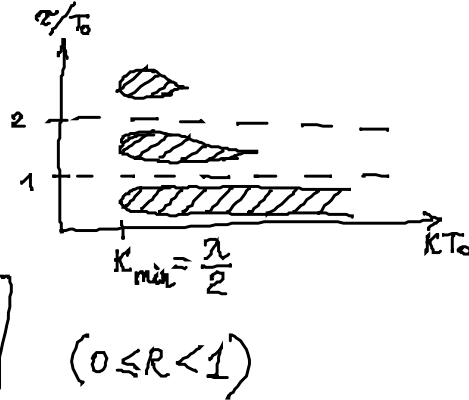
### Stabilization of unstable fixed point by time-delayed feedback

Stab. boundaries  $\text{Re } \Lambda = 0 \Rightarrow$

Multiple feedback (ETDAS)

$$K \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} R^k [x(t - k\tau) - x(t - (k+1)\tau)]$$

$$\Rightarrow \Lambda + K \frac{1 - e^{-\Lambda\tau}}{1 - R e^{-\Lambda\tau}} = \lambda + i\omega$$



$$(0 \leq R < 1)$$

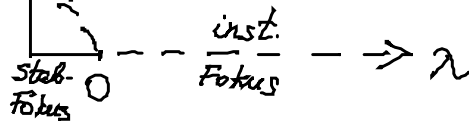
### Stabilisierung instabiler periodischer Orbits

Normalform einer subkrit. Hopf-Bif.:

$$\dot{z} = (\lambda + i\omega + (1 + i\gamma)|z|^2)z + b(z(t-\tau) - z(t)) \quad z \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$\lambda < 0, \omega = 1, \gamma > 0, b = b_0 e^{i\beta} \in \mathbb{C}$$

ohne Kontrolle  $r \uparrow$  instab. LC (limit cycle)



$$z = r e^{i\phi} : \begin{aligned} \dot{r} &= (\lambda + r^2)r \\ \dot{\phi} &= \omega + \gamma r^2 \end{aligned}$$

LC:  $r^2 = -\lambda$ , ex. für  $\lambda < 0$

$$\dot{\phi} = \omega - \gamma\lambda \Rightarrow T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega - \gamma\lambda} \quad \text{Periode des UPO (unstable periodic orbit)}$$

nichtinvasive Kontrolle!

Wähle  $\tau \doteq nT = \frac{2\pi n}{1-\delta\lambda}$  ( $T = \text{Periode des VPO}$ )  
 $n \in \mathbb{N}$

(Pythagoras-Kurve in der  $(\tau, \lambda)$ -Ebene)


Hopf-Kurve: lin. Stab des Fixp  $z(t) \sim e^{\eta t}$   
 $\eta + b(e^{-\eta\tau}) = \lambda + i$


Hopf-Bif:  $\eta = i\omega$ :  $0 = \lambda + b_0 [\cos(\beta - \omega\tau) - \cos\beta]$  (1)

$\omega - 1 = b_0 [\sin(\beta - \omega\tau) - \sin\beta]$  (2)

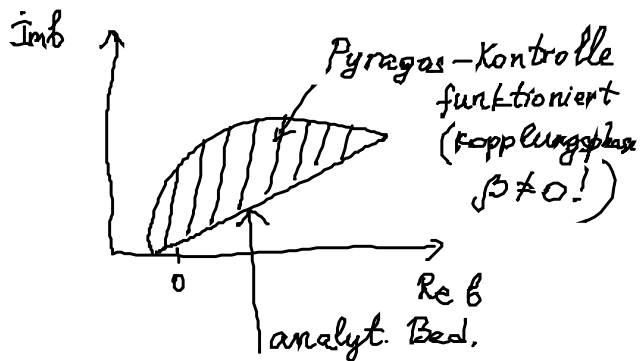
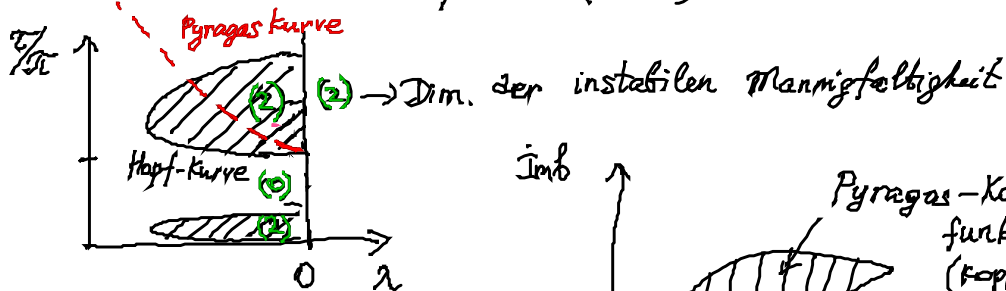
(1)  $\Rightarrow \omega\tau = \pm \arccos\left(\frac{b_0 \cos\beta - \lambda}{b_0}\right) + \beta + 2\pi n$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \left(\frac{b_0 \cos\beta - \lambda}{b_0}\right)^2 &= \cos^2(\beta - \omega\tau) \\ \left(\frac{\omega - 1 + b_0 \sin\beta}{b_0}\right)^2 &= \sin^2(\beta - \omega\tau) \end{aligned} \right\} \cos^2 + \sin^2 = 1 \quad (3)$$

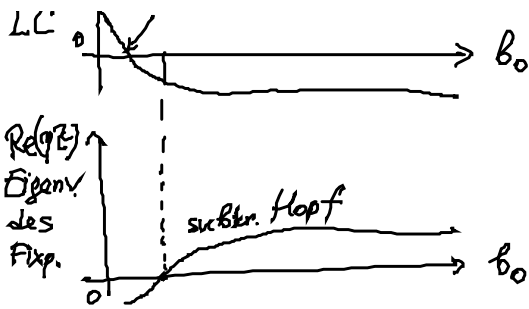
(3)  $\Rightarrow \omega = g(\lambda, b_0, \beta) \Rightarrow \tau = h(\lambda, b_0, \beta)$  Hopf-Kurven  
 ohne Kontrolle ( $b=0$ )  subkrit. Hopf

mit Kontrolle ( $b = b_0 e^{i\beta}$ )  superkrit. Hopf  
 entlang der Pythagoras-Kurve

. Fiedler et al. PRL 98, 114101 (2007)



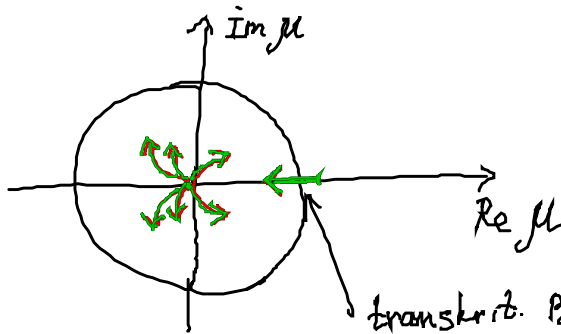
Re( $\lambda$ )  
 Fluges  
 exp  
 des  
 transr. Bif von LC



$$\tau_{\text{Hopf}}(\lambda) < \tau_{\text{Pyragas}}(\lambda)$$

$$\beta = \frac{\sqrt{16}}{4}$$

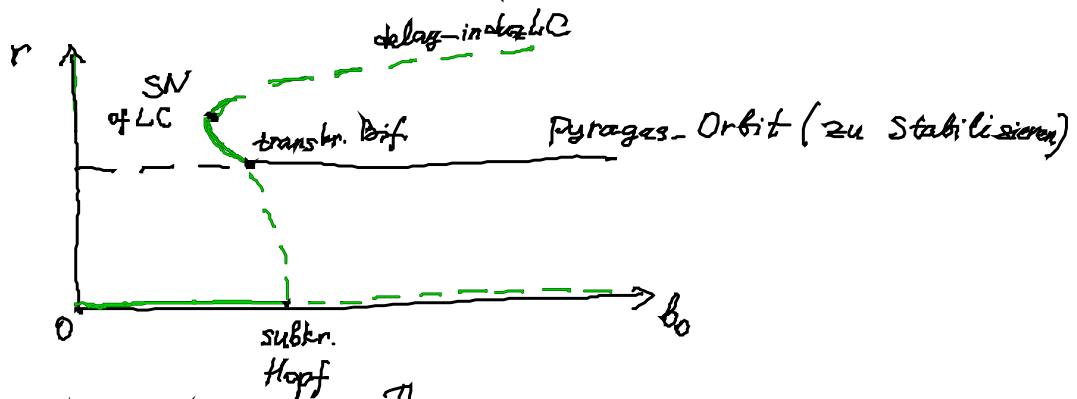
$$\gamma = -10, \quad \tau = \frac{2\pi}{1-\gamma\lambda}, \quad \lambda = -0.005$$



$$\mu = e^{\lambda T}$$

(Floquet Mult.)

$$b_0 \in [0, 0.3]$$



korrektes Odd-Number-Theorem:

- E.W. Hooton, A. Amann, PRL 109, 154101 (2012)  
Analytical limitation for time-delayed feedback control in autonomous systems
- A. Amann, E.W. Hooton, Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A. (2013)

Exp. Verifikation durch Lasereperiment

- Schikora, Wünsche, Henneberger PRE 83, 026203 (2011)
- Schikora et al. PRL 97, 213902 (2006)



bis zu 3 räumlich-homogene Fixpunkte  
 $E_0 = (1, 0)$  immer stabil  
 $E_{1,2}$  nichttrivial

Aktivator-Kontrolle:  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Inhibitor-Kontrolle:  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$